



在日フィリピン人児童のための算数教材 分数マスター・日本語クリアー
Mga Kagamitan sa Pagtuturo sa Matematika Para sa mga Estudiyanteng Pilipinong Naninirahan sa Japan
BUNSUU MASTER NIHONGO CLEAR

16課 / Lesson 16 / Leksyon 16

ようごとぶん / Words and phrases / Mga Salita

ようご	Words	Mga salita
めんせき	area	sukat / laki



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【内容】 Contents Mga Nilalaman

- | |
|---|
| ①分数×分数の掛け算が用いられる場面 |
| ②分数×分数の掛け算の方法 |
| ①The case where multiplication, fraction×fraction is applied. |
| ②The method of multiplication, fraction×fraction. |
| ①Kalagayan kung saan ginagamit ang multiplication, fraction×fraction. |
| ②Paraan ng multiplication, fraction×fraction. |

【日本語の表現】 Math Expressions in Japanese Mga Math Expressions sa Japanese

- | |
|---------------------------------------|
| 新出表現なし |
| No new contents given. |
| Walang mga nilalaman na bagong labas. |



16 ぶんすうのかけざん ②

Bunsuu no kakezan

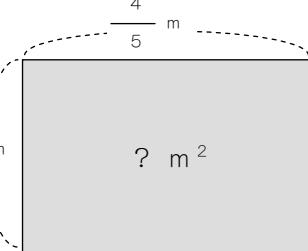
分数の掛け算場面 (分数×分数) を知る。

1

たて $\frac{2}{3}$ m、よこ $\frac{4}{5}$ m の ちょうほうけいの めんせきは、
 Tate meetoru yoko no choohookeee no menseki wa
 なん m^2 になりますか。
 nan heehoomeetoru ni narimasu ka

$$(たて) \times (よこ) = (\text{めんせき}) \quad \text{Tate kakeru Yoko menseki} \quad \frac{2}{3} \text{ m}$$

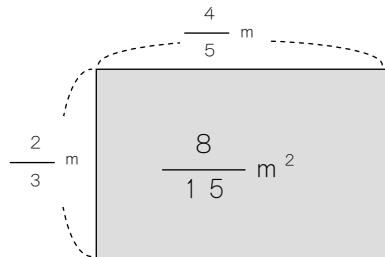
$$\frac{2}{3} \times \frac{4}{5} =$$



(ぶんすう) × (ぶんすう) の ときは こうします。
 Bunsuu kakeru bunsuu no toki wa koo shimasu

$$\frac{2}{3} \times \frac{4}{5} = \frac{2}{3} \times \frac{4}{5} \rightarrow [2 \times 4 = 8] \rightarrow \frac{8}{15} \rightarrow [3 \times 5 = 15]$$

$$= \frac{8}{15}$$



$$(\text{こたえ}) \quad \text{kotae} \quad \frac{8}{15} \text{ m}^2$$



16 ぶんすうのかけざん ②

分数の掛け算場面 (分数×分数) を知る。

1

How many m^2 is the area of a rectangle, $2/3$ m long and $4/5$ m wide?

Ilang m^2 ang kasakupan ng rectangle na may haba na $2/3$ m at may lapad na $4/5$ m?

$$(\text{length/haba}) \times (\text{width/lapad}) = (\text{area/kasakupan}) \quad \frac{4}{5} \text{ m}$$

$$\frac{2}{3} \times \frac{4}{5} =$$



$$\frac{2}{3} \text{ m}$$

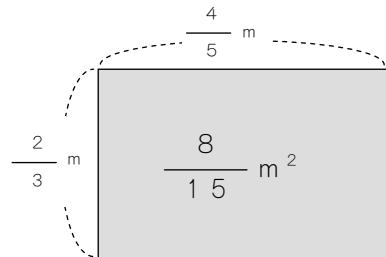
$$? \text{ m}^2$$

Do like this when calculating (fraction) × (fraction).

Makakalkula ang (fraction) × (fraction) sa ganitong paraan.

$$\frac{2}{3} \times \frac{4}{5} = \frac{2}{3} \times \frac{4}{5} \rightarrow [2 \times 4 = 8] \rightarrow \frac{8}{15} \rightarrow [3 \times 5 = 15]$$

$$= \frac{8}{15}$$



$$(\text{Answer}) \quad \frac{8}{15} \text{ m}^2$$



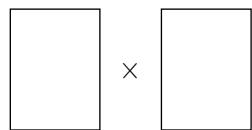
2

分数×分数の計算をしてみる。

たて $\frac{3}{4}$ m、よこ $\frac{7}{8}$ m の ちょうほうけいの no choohookee no hirosa wa

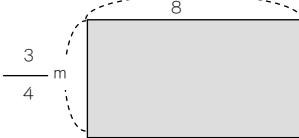
なん m^2 ですか。
nan desu ka

(しき)
shiki



×

=



(こたえ)
kotae



つぎのかけざんをしましょう。
Tsugi no kakezan o shimashoo

$$\textcircled{1} \quad \frac{2}{5} \times \frac{2}{7} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} \times \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad \frac{5}{6} \times \frac{7}{3} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

$$\textcircled{3} \quad \frac{4}{9} \times \frac{5}{3} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

2

分数×分数の計算をしてみる。

How many m^2 is the area of a rectangle, $3/4$ m long and $7/8$ m wide?Ilang m^2 ang kasakupan ng rectangle na may haba na $3/4$ m at may lapad na $7/8$ m?

(Formula) × = $\frac{3}{4} m$

$$\frac{\underline{\hspace{1cm}} \times \underline{\hspace{1cm}}}{\underline{\hspace{1cm}} \times \underline{\hspace{1cm}}} = \frac{\underline{\hspace{1cm}}}{\underline{\hspace{1cm}}}$$

(Answer)



Calculate the following multiplication.

Kalkulahin ang mga sumusunod na multiplication.

$$\textcircled{1} \quad \frac{2}{5} \times \frac{2}{7} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} \times \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad \frac{5}{6} \times \frac{7}{3} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

$$\textcircled{3} \quad \frac{4}{9} \times \frac{5}{3} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

3

約分してから計算する方法を知る（約分できる数が1組）。

$$\frac{6}{7} \times \frac{1}{4}$$

の けいさんを しましょう。
no keesan o shimashoo

6と4で やくぶんできます。
to de yakubun dekimasu



$$\frac{6}{7} \times \frac{1}{4} = \frac{\cancel{6} \times 1}{7 \times \cancel{4}}$$

$$= \frac{\boxed{3}}{7 \times \cancel{4}}$$

6も4も2でわれますね。
mo mo de waremasu ne
 $6 \div 2 = 3$
 $4 \div 2 = 2$

$$= \frac{3}{14}$$

つぎのかけざんを しましょう。

$$\textcircled{1} \quad \frac{2}{5} \times \frac{3}{4} = \frac{\quad \times}{\quad \times}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad \frac{5}{6} \times \frac{3}{7} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$\textcircled{3} \quad \frac{4}{9} \times \frac{3}{5} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

3

約分してから計算する方法を知る（約分できる数が1組）。

Calculate $6/7 \times 1/4$.

Kalkulahin ang $6/7 \times 1/4$.

6 and 4 can be reduced.
Ang 6 at 4 ay maaaring i-reduce.

$$\frac{6}{7} \times \frac{1}{4} = \frac{\cancel{6} \times 1}{7 \times \cancel{4}}$$

$$= \frac{\boxed{3}}{7 \times \cancel{4}}$$

6 and 4 can be reduced by 2.
Ang 6 at 4 ay mahahati sa 2.
 $6 \div 2 = 3$
 $4 \div 2 = 2$

$$= \frac{3}{14}$$

Calculate the following multiplication.

Kalkulahin ang mga sumusunod na multiplication.

$$\textcircled{1} \quad \frac{2}{5} \times \frac{3}{4} = \frac{\quad \times}{\quad \times}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad \frac{5}{6} \times \frac{3}{7} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$\textcircled{3} \quad \frac{4}{9} \times \frac{3}{5} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

4

約分してから計算する方法に慣れる（約分できる数が2組）。

とちゅうで やくぶんして けいさんしましょう。
Tochuu de yakubun shite keesan shimashoo

$$\frac{8}{9} \times \frac{3}{10} = \frac{\cancel{8} \times 3}{\cancel{9} \times \cancel{10}}$$

8と10、3と9で
to to de
やくぶんできます。
yakubun dekimasu



$8 \div 2 = 4$	$3 \div 3 = 1$
$10 \div 2 = 5$	$9 \div 3 = 3$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{4}{\cancel{8} \times 3} \quad \xrightarrow{\hspace{1cm}} \quad 4 \\
 & = \frac{1}{\cancel{9} \times \cancel{10}} \\
 & \quad \frac{3}{\cancel{3}} \quad \frac{5}{\cancel{5}} \quad \xrightarrow{\hspace{1cm}} \quad 15 \\
 & = \frac{4}{15}
 \end{aligned}$$

つぎのかけざんを しましょう。

$$\textcircled{1} \quad \frac{4}{9} \times \frac{3}{2} = \frac{\quad \times}{\quad \times}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad \frac{3}{7} \times \frac{14}{15} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

4

約分してから計算する方法に慣れる（約分できる数が2組）。

Calculate by reducing along the way.

Kalkulahin sa pag-rereduct sa kalagitnaan.

$$\frac{8}{9} \times \frac{3}{10} = \frac{\cancel{8} \times 3}{\cancel{9} \times \cancel{10}}$$

8 and 10, 3 and 9 can be reduced.
Ang 8 at 10, 3 at 9 ay maaaring i-reduce.



$8 \div 2 = 4$	$3 \div 3 = 1$
$10 \div 2 = 5$	$9 \div 3 = 3$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{4}{\cancel{8} \times 3} \quad \xrightarrow{\hspace{1cm}} \quad 4 \\
 & = \frac{1}{\cancel{9} \times \cancel{10}} \\
 & \quad \frac{3}{\cancel{3}} \quad \frac{5}{\cancel{5}} \quad \xrightarrow{\hspace{1cm}} \quad 15
 \end{aligned}$$

$$= \frac{4}{15}$$

Calculate the following multiplication.

Kalkulahin ang mga sumusunod na multiplication.

$$\textcircled{1} \quad \frac{4}{9} \times \frac{3}{2} = \frac{\quad \times}{\quad \times}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad \frac{3}{7} \times \frac{14}{15} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$